

Iterative constructions

Fundamentals of Computer Science

2010-2011

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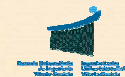
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Index

Iterative constructions

1. Iterative algorithms analysis
2. Ex11: While
3. Ex12: For
4. Ex13: Do - Loop
5. Summary

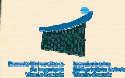


2

Iterative | Analysis

1.1 Iterative problems

- Don't stop until you get 145 beats per minute
- You are going to take 10 laps to the field
- Calculate the average: add up all grades of a subject and divide by the number of students (count)
- Find a number that complies certain conditions
 - One? All of them?
 - In which domain?
- Count up all votes in an urn
 - While there are votes left
 - Until there is no vote left
- Operations with strings
- You won't leave the house until you find your wallet

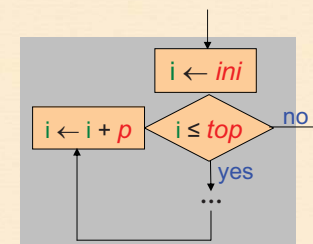


3

Iterative | Analysis For

1.2 Analysis: For

- Can I determine in advance **how many times** I need to execute the body (“...”)?
 - Yes: then use a **For** loop
- It uses a counter *i*. It's divided into three clauses:
 1. **Initialization**: give an initial value **ini** to the counter *i*
 2. **Condition**: verify if the counter *i* has arrived to **top**
 3. **Actualization**: increment the counter *i* the step **p**



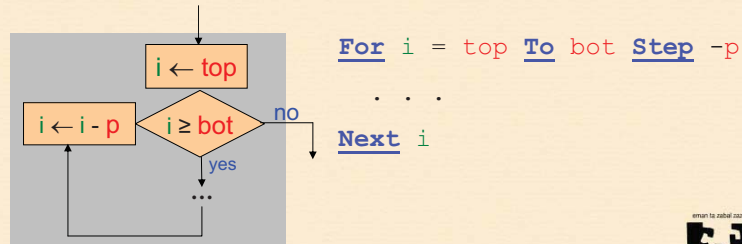
For *i* = **ini** **To** **top** **Step** **p**
...
Next *i*



4

For: decreasing

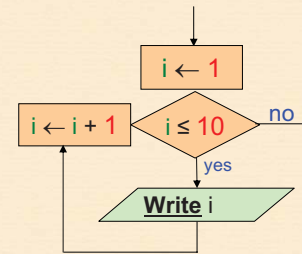
- Instead of counting we may set *i* to discount or decrement:
 1. **Initialization** : give an initial value **top** to the counter *i*, the superior value
 2. **Condition** : verify if the counter *i* has arrived to **bot** (while $i \geq \text{bot}$)
 3. **Actualization** : decrement the counter *i* the step **p**, which is negative



```

For i = top To bot Step -p
    . . .
Next i
  
```

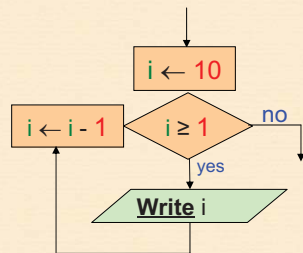
For: Write numbers from 1 to 10 (increment)



```

Sub Write_Click()
    Dim i As Integer
    For i = 1 To 10 Step 1
        pct1.Print CStr (i)
    Next i
End Sub
  
```

For: Write numbers from 10 to 1 (decrement)

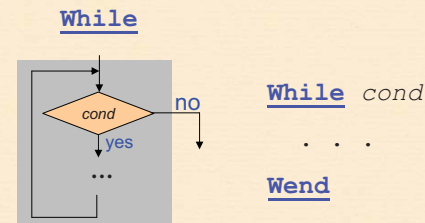


```

For i = 10 To 1 Step -1
    pct1.Print CStr (i)
Next i
  
```

1.3 Analysis: While

- Can I determine in advance **how many times** I need to execute the body (“...”) ? *no*
- Can I just finish?
- Do I want the body to be executed zero or more times?
 - Yes: **While** construction

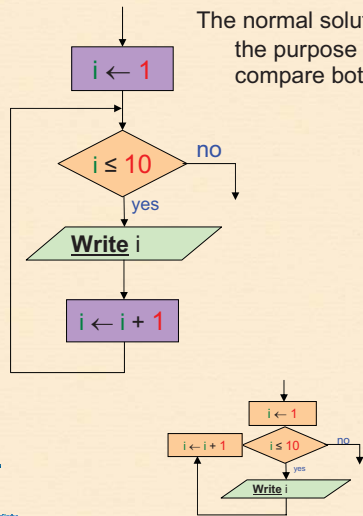


```

While cond
    . . .
Wend
  
```

Write numbers from 1 to 10 (increment) using While

The normal solution is using a For construction as the purpose is clearer, but here we want to compare both structures



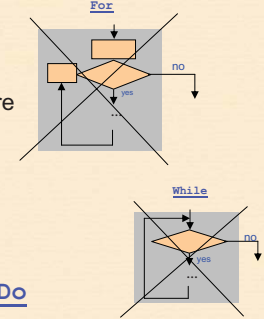
```
i = 1
While i <= 10
    pct1.Print CStr (i)
    i = i + 1
Wend
```

```
For i = 1 To 10 Step 1
    pct1.Print CStr (i)
Next i
```

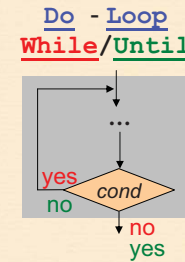


1.4 Analysis: Do-Loop

- If I cannot determine beforehand how many times I need to execute the body
- And I cannot just finish
- Do I want to execute it **at least once**?
 - Yes: Do - Loop While / Until structure



```
Do
    ...
Loop While cond
```

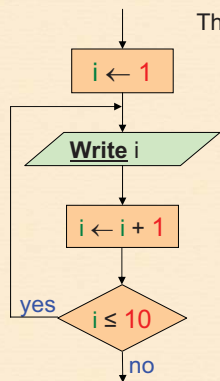


```
Do
    ...
Loop Until cond
```



Write numbers from 1 to 10 using Do - Loop While

The normal solution is using a For construction as the purpose is clearer, but here we want to compare both structures

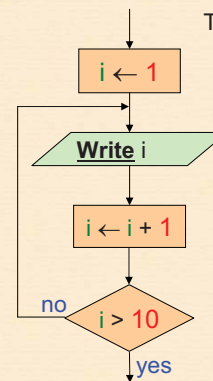


```
i = 1
Do
    pct1.Print CStr (i)
    i = i + 1
Loop While i <= 10
```



Write numbers from 1 to 10 using Do - Loop Until

The normal solution is using a For construction as the purpose is clearer, but here we want to compare both structures

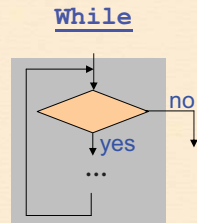


```
i = 1
Do
    pct1.Print CStr (i)
    i = i + 1
Loop Until i > 10
```

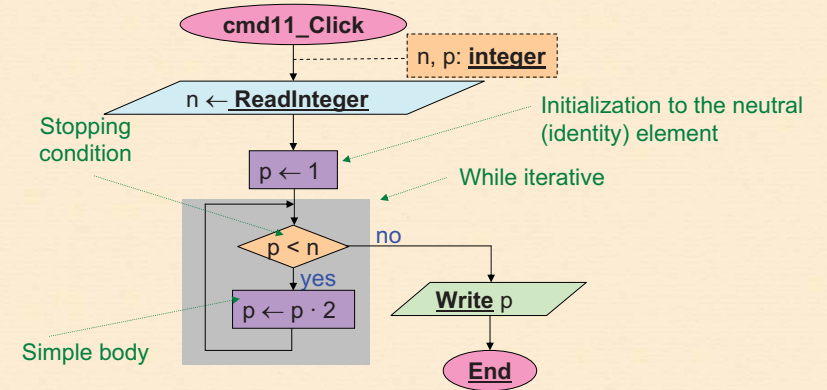


2. Example 11

- **Title**
 - While iterative
- **Name**
 - cmd11_Click
- **Description**
 - Calculate the first natural power of 2 greater than or equal to a given number
- **Observations**
 - Zero or more times: While
 - **Productory** (Capital Pi, Π)



Ex11: Flowchart

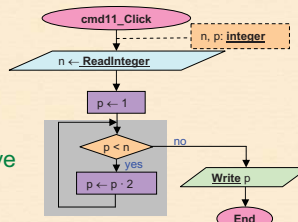


Ej11: Codificación VB

```

Sub cmd11_Click()
    Dim s As String
    Dim n As Integer, p As Integer
    s = InputBox ("Number:")
    n = CInt (s)
    p = 1
    While p < n
        p = p * 2
    Wend
    MsgBox "Power: " & p
End Sub
    
```

While iterative



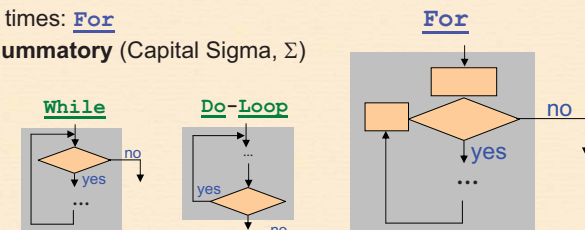
4. Example 12

- **Title**
 - For iterative
- **Name**
 - cmd12_Click
- **Description**
 - Write the partial sums of the n first terms of the arithmetic progression with $a_1 = 1$ and $a_i = a_{i-1} + i$ for every $i > 1$
- **Observations**
 - n times: For
 - **Summatory** (Capital Sigma, Σ)

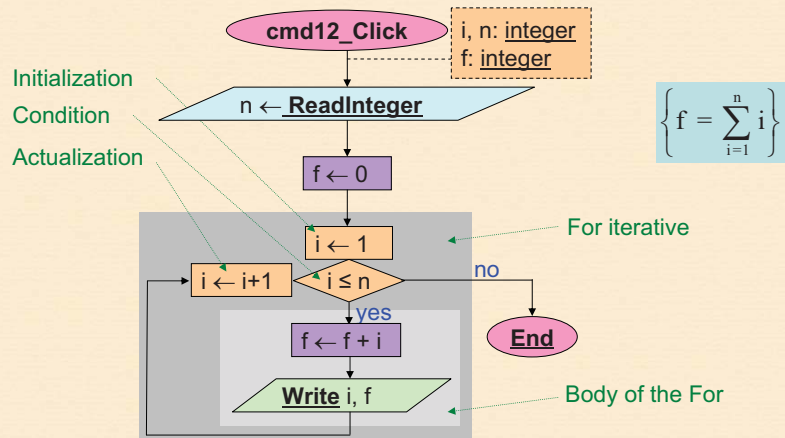
$$f = \sum_{i=1}^n i$$

Output for n = 8

i	f
-	-
1:	1
2:	3
3:	6
4:	10
5:	15
6:	21
7:	28
8:	36



Ej12: Flowchart

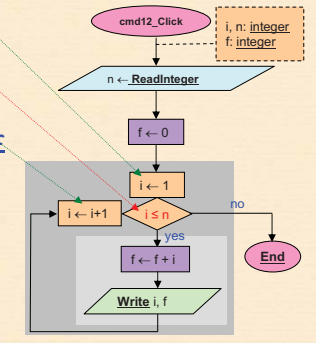


$$f = \sum_{i=1}^n i$$

Ex12: VB implementation

```

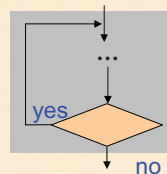
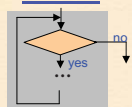
Sub cmd12_Click()
    Dim s As String
    Dim i As Integer, n As Integer
    Dim f As Integer
    s = InputBox ("Number:")
    n = CInt (s)
    f = 0
    For i = 1 To n Step 1
        f = f + i
        pct1.Print CStr (i) & ": " & _
            CStr (f)
    Next i
End Sub
    
```



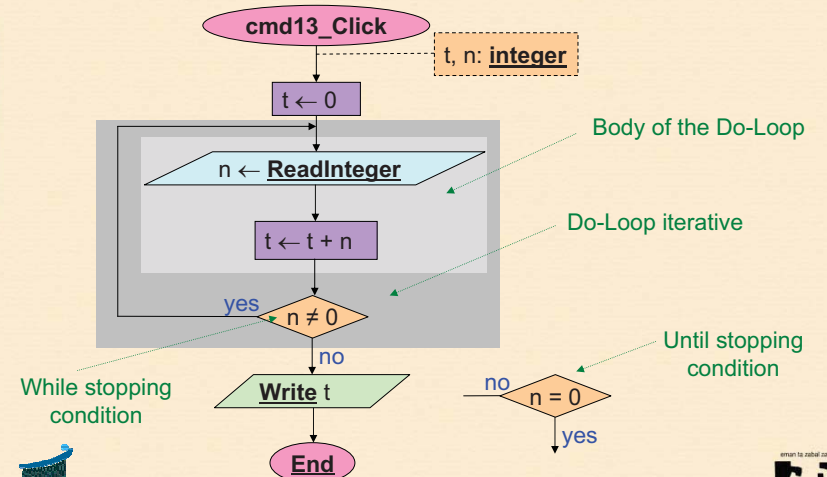
3. Example 13

- **Title**
 - Do - While iterative
- **Name**
 - cmd_Click13
- **Description**
 - Add up a series of numbers introduced from the keyboard until a zero is read.
- **Observations**
 - Once or more than once: Do - Loop Do-Loop
 - **Sum**

While



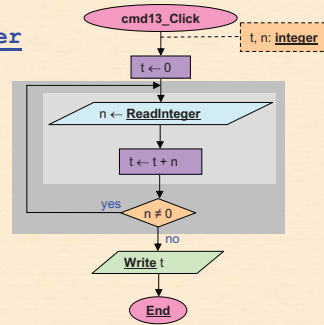
Ej13: Flowchart



Ej13: VB implementation

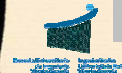
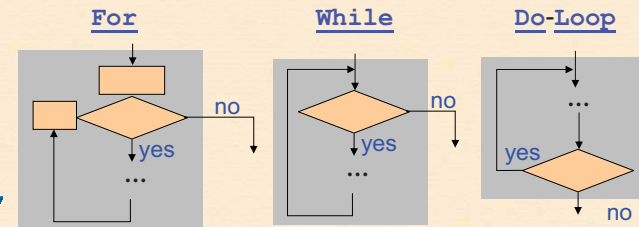
```

Sub cmd13_Click()
  Dim s As String
  Dim n As Integer, t As Integer
  t = 0
  Do
    s = InputBox ("Number:")
    n = CInt (s)
    t = t + n
  Loop While n <> 0
  MsgBox CStr (t)
End Sub
    
```



5. Summary

- **Basic examples**
 - Initialize to the neutral (identity) element
- **Operations patterns**
 - **Sum.** Neutral element: 0
 - **Count.** Neutral element: 0
 - **Product.** Neutral element: 1
 - **Concatenation.** Neutral element: empty string
 - **Search.** Neutral element: **False**.



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